



*U.S. DOE Office of
Fossil Energy
National Energy
Technology
Laboratory*

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Pittsburgh, PA



Carbon Storage Research and Development Project Review Meeting

Presenter: John Litynski, PE

United States Department of Energy, National Energy Technology Laboratory,



WELCOME



Carbon Storage Program Annual Project Review Meeting

- Annual requirement in all cooperative agreements and grants
- First complete program review of 126 carbon storage projects
 - 7 Regional Partnerships (Large scale injection projects)
 - 14 Infrastructure (Injection, Characterization, systems modeling)
 - 38 Geologic Storage
 - 28 Simulation and Risk Assessment
 - 26 Monitoring, Verification, and Accounting (MVA)
 - 6 CO₂ Use and Reuse
 - 7 Training Centers
- Report on technical progress and financial status of projects
- 55 Posters
- Find opportunities for collaboration

Plenary Sessions

- Regional Carbon Sequestration Partnerships
- EPA Offices of Air and Water Regulatory Update
- Natural Resources Defense Council Perspective
- DOE's Cost Models and Benefits Analysis for CCUS R&D
- Major International Activities
- Chair of the NRC Induced Seismicity Report
- Future Carbon Storage R&D Opportunities

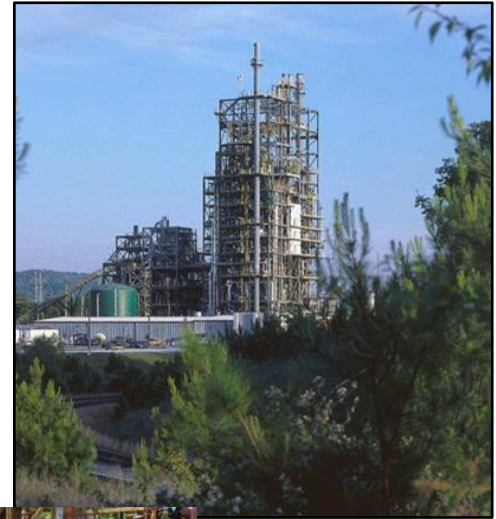
Carbon Storage Program 2012 Year in Review

Core Program Components

Office of Coal and Power R&D

Total FY 2012 Funding ~ \$333 Million

- **Carbon Capture - \$68.9 Million**
- **Carbon Storage - \$115.4 Million**
- **Advanced Energy Systems- \$99.9 Million**
 - Advanced Combustion Systems - \$15.9 Million
 - Gasification - \$39 Million
 - Turbines - \$15 Million
 - Fuel Cells - \$25 Million
 - Fuels - \$5 Million
- **Cross Cutting Research - \$49.1 Million**



CO₂ Utilization

Putting the “U” in CCUS

- **Lack of Climate legislation**
- **Low Natural Gas Prices**
- **High Oil Prices**
- **Regulations Impacting New Coal Fired Power Plants**
- **Demands a near term business case for deployment**



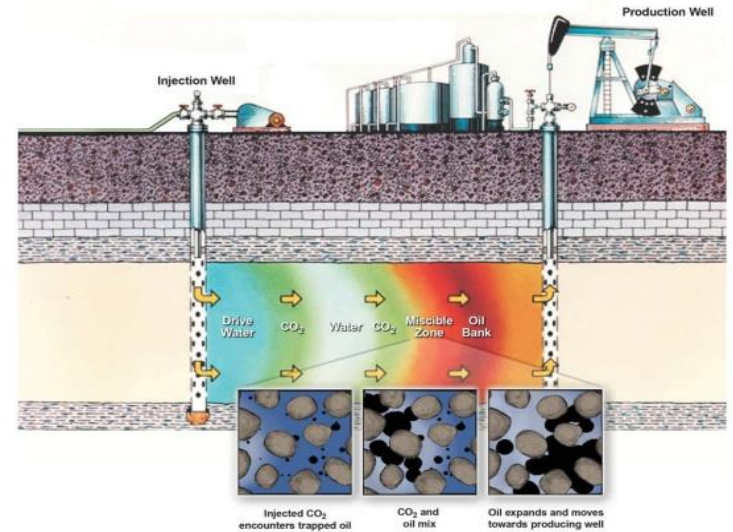
Drivers for Storage in EOR/EGR Opportunities

Economic Benefits

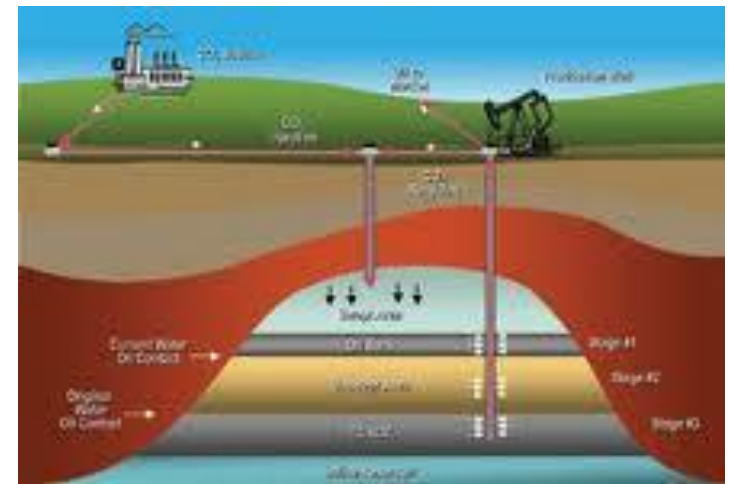
- Produce an additional 60 billion bbl of oil
- Balance trade deficit by over \$3.5 trillion
- Create more than 600,000 new jobs

Technical Benefits

- Store over 20GT of CO₂
- Develop infrastructure to support transition to future saline storage
- Validate storage and monitoring technologies
- Facilitate knowledge sharing between oil and storage industry to improve performance
- Potentially increase reserves of storage capacity and natural gas in coal and shale formations



Business as usual EOR Operations (WAG)



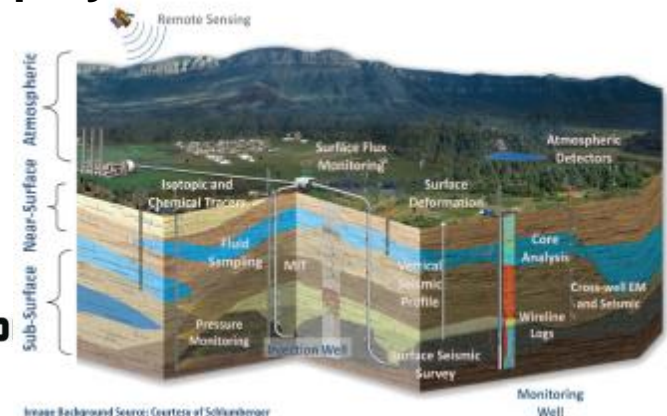
Next Generation Storage/EOR Operations

CCUS Goals

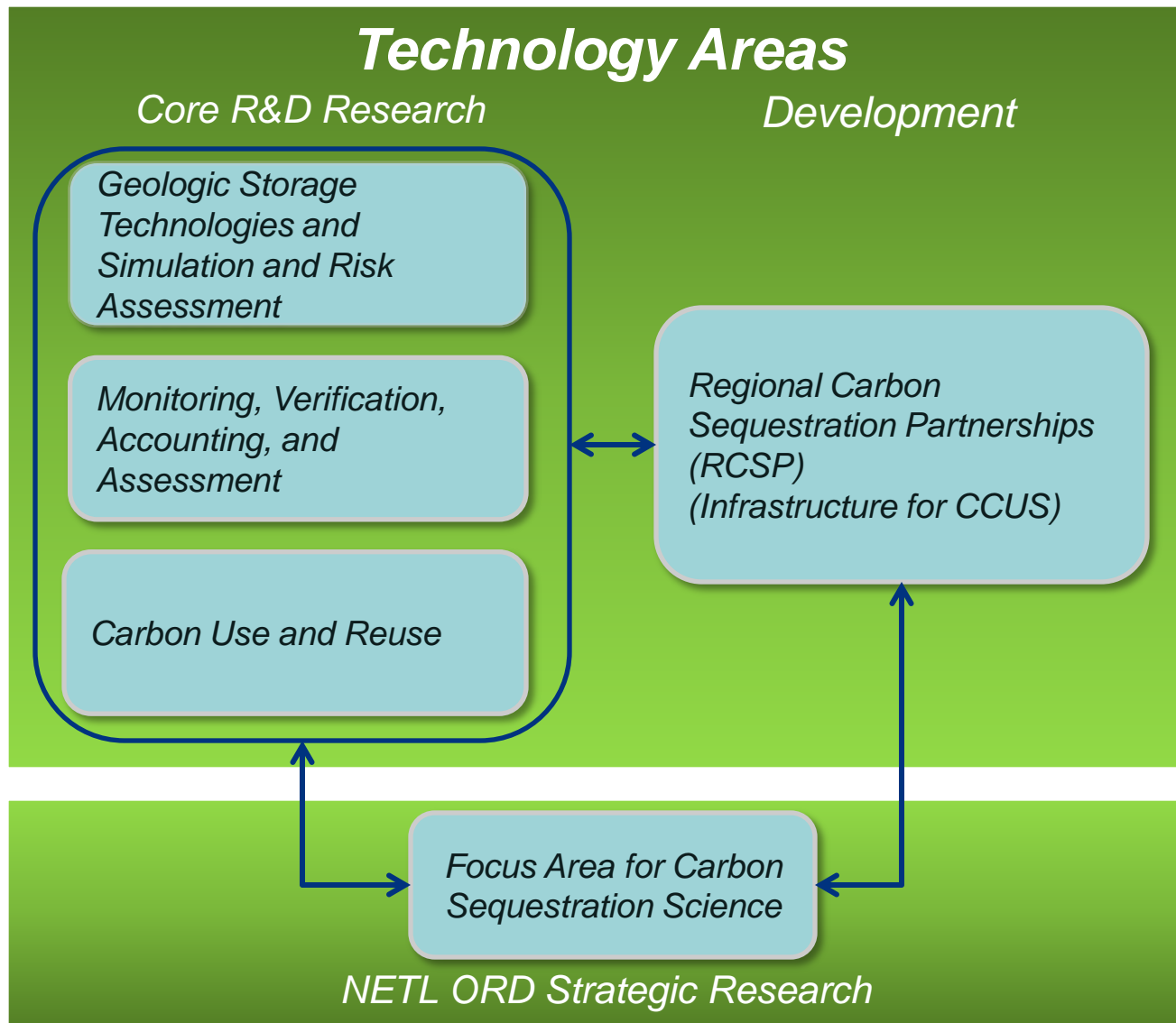
Keeping R&D on Track

Deliver technologies & best practices that validate:

- < 10% increase in COE with CCS at 90% capture (pre-comb.)
- < 35% increase in COE with CCS at 90% capture (post- & oxy-comb.)
- > 90% CO₂ capture
- **99% storage permanence****
- **Validate that capacity is sufficient and where we need it**
- **Validate Formation Classes & maximum storage efficiency**
- **Promote infrastructure for wide scale deployment**
- **Enhance domestic oil & gas production**



2012 Carbon Storage Program



Core R&D Workshop Overview

- **Oct 19-20, 2011 in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, USA**
- **Assess Research Gaps and Needs for Geologic Storage**
- **External Assessment (to NETL)**
- **Approximately 50 participants**
 - Academia, National Labs, Industry
- **Two segments; 1 ½ days**
 - Plenary presentations first half day
 - Breakout session discussions remainder of time
- **Results: Priorities to focus for current program**

Carbon Storage CCUS Program Plan

- Available in Fall 2012
- Prioritization of R&D Goals
- 2nd Generation Technologies
 - Near and mid-term (2020)
- Transformational Technologies
 - Long-term (2030)



FY2012 Carbon Storage Technologies FOA

Geologic technologies and Sim/RA tools

“Developing Technologies to Ensure Permanent Geologic Storage”

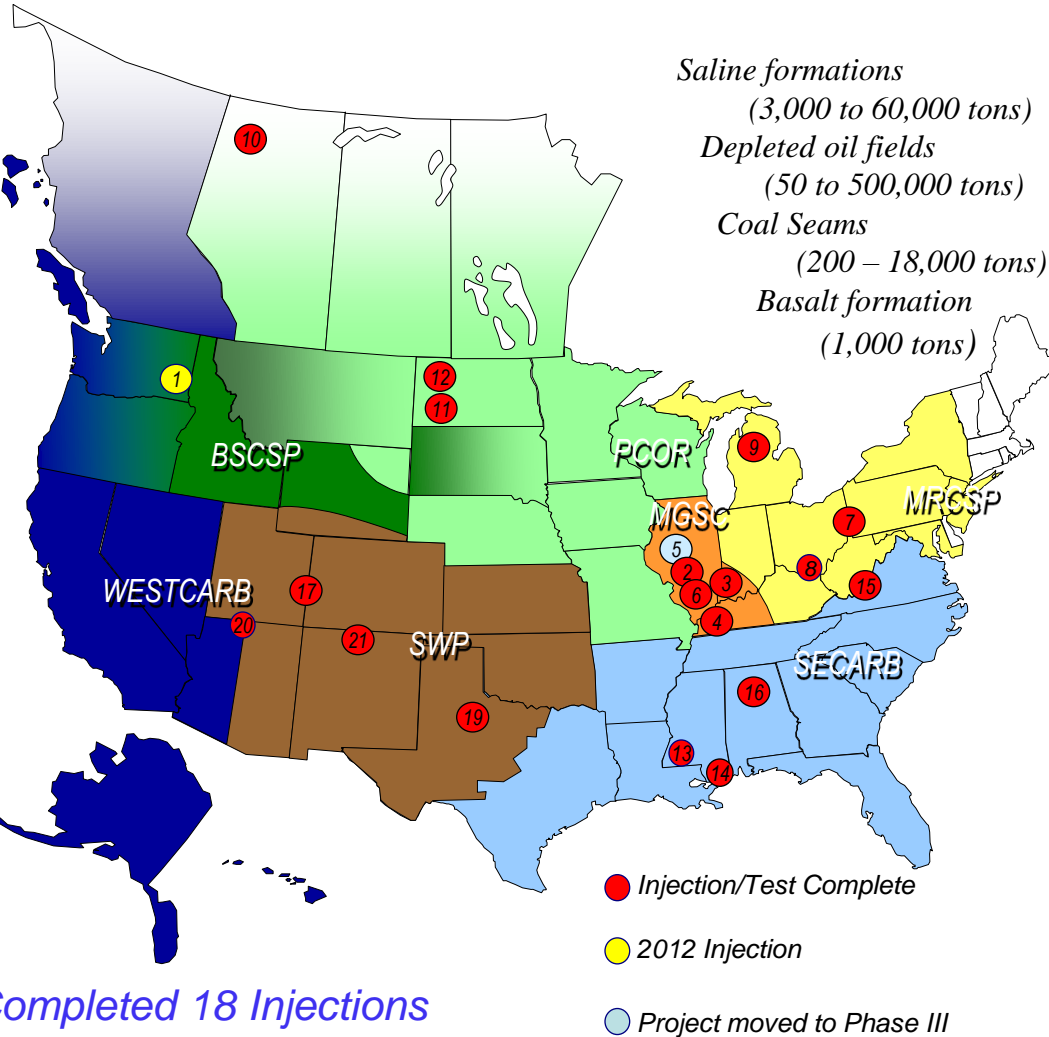
- March 7 - FOA released
- April 17th – Applications Due
- Summer 2011 - Project selection
- Sept 30th – Projects Awarded
- Total funding available - ~\$14M
- 17 Projects Selected for Award

High Priority Technical Areas

- 1 – *Studies of existing wellbores exposed to CO2 and historical and failure rates*
- 2 – *Advanced wellbore and other leakage pathway integrity/mitigation technologies*
- 3 – *Field methods to optimize storage capacity and containment*
- 4 – *Enhancing simulation tools to improve prediction and enhance geologic storage performance*

Contributing program goals of ensuring 99% permanence, improving storage efficiency and determining capacity.

Small-Scale Geologic Field Tests



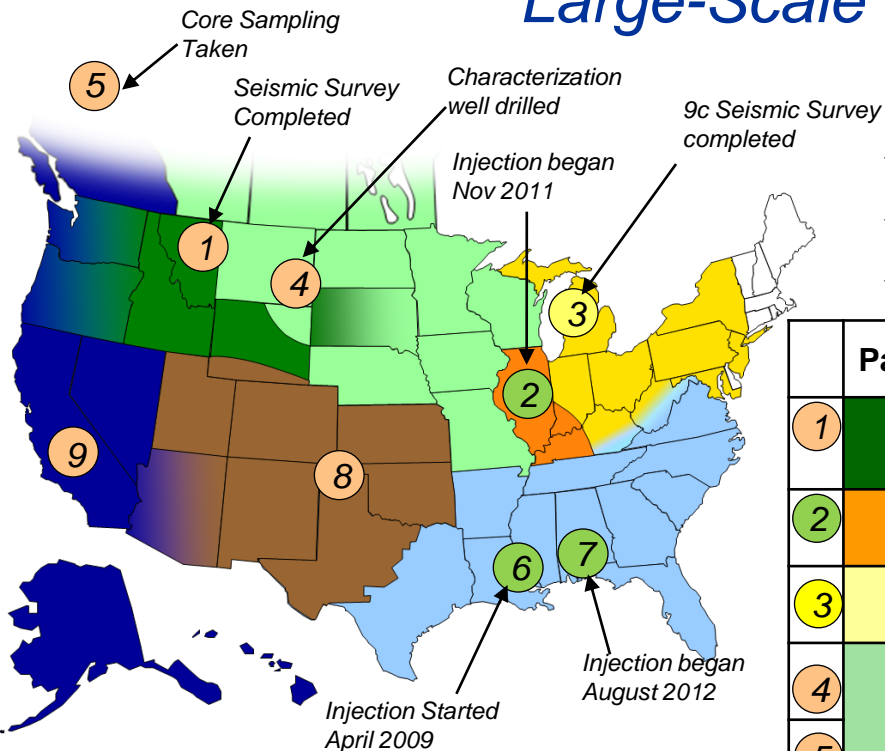
Completed 18 Injections

Over 1.35 M Tons injected

RCSP	Formation Type	Geologic Province
Big Sky	Saline ①	Columbia Basin
MGSC	Oil-bearing ② ③ ④ Saline ⑤ Coal seam ⑥	Illinois Basin
MRCSP	Saline ⑦ ⑧ ⑨	Cincinnati Arch, Michigan Basin, Appalachian Basin
PCOR	Oil-bearing ⑩ ⑪ Coal seam ⑫	Keg River, Duperow, Williston Basin
SECARB	Oil-bearing ⑬ Saline ⑭ Coal seam ⑮ ⑯	Gulf Coast, Mississippi Salt Basin, Central Appalachian, Black Warrior Basin
SWP	Oil-bearing ⑰ ⑱ Coal seam ⑲	Paradox Basin, Aneth Field, Permian Basin, San Juan Basin
WESTCARB	Saline ⑳	Colorado Plateau

RCSP Phase III: Development Phase

Large-Scale Geologic Tests



- ✓ Large-volume tests
- ✓ Two projects currently injecting CO₂
- ✓ Remaining injections scheduled 2012-2015

	Partnership	Geologic Province	Target Injection Volume (tonnes)
1	Big Sky	Nugget Sandstone	1,000,000
2	MGSC	Illinois Basin-Mt. Simon Sandstone	1,000,000
3	MRCSP	Michigan Basin-Niagaran Reef	1,000,000
4	PCOR	Powder River Basin-Bell Creek Field	1,500,000
5		Horn River Basin-Carbonates	2,000,000
6	SECARB	Gulf Coast – Cranfield Field- Tuscaloosa Formation	2,902,000
7		Gulf Coast – Paluxy Formation	450,000
8	SWP	Regional CCUS Opportunity	1,000,000
9	WESTCARB	Regional Characterization	

- Injection Ongoing
- 2012 Injection Scheduled
- Injection Scheduled 2013-2015

Note: Some locations presented on map may differ from final injection location

North American Carbon Atlas Partnership

First coordinated effort between Canada, Mexico, and the United States to jointly publish a resource of data and information on CCS technologies, pressing issues, and current progress toward solutions

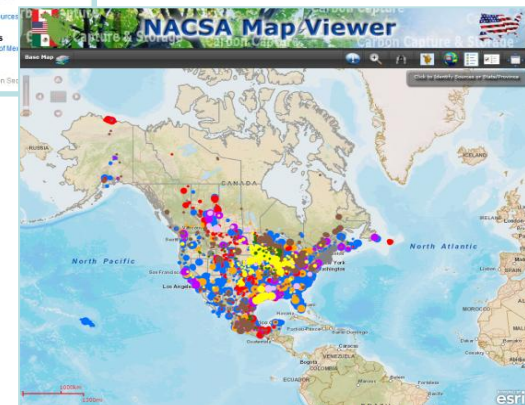
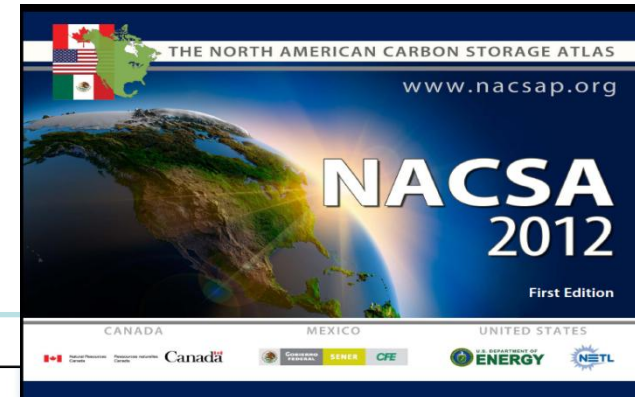
- **NACAP's Objective:**

- Identify, gather, and **share** data of CO₂ sources and geologic storage potential

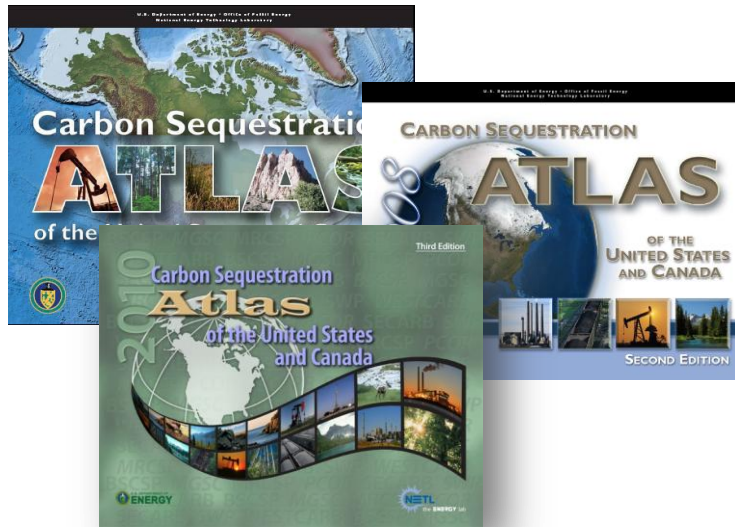
- **Development of this GIS-based CO₂ sources and storage database**

- **3 North American Products:**

- NACSA website (<http://www.nacsap.org/>) – online version of NACSA, links to resources (English, Spanish, and French)



Carbon Sequestration Atlas of the United States and Canada



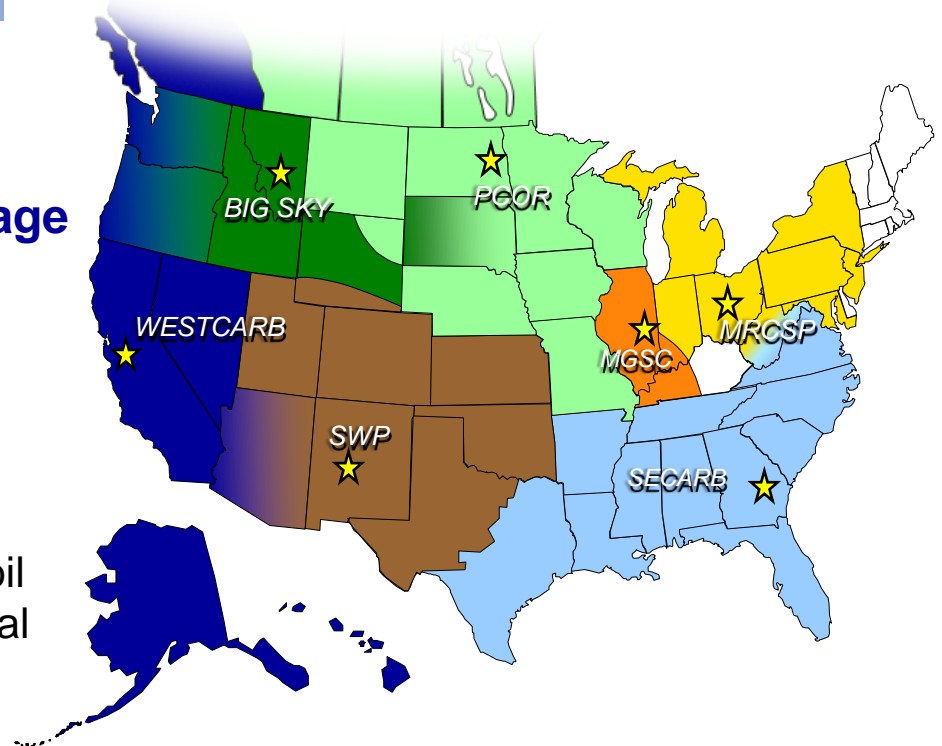
Atlas I - March 2007
Atlas II - November 2008
Atlas III - November 2010

U.S. 2012 Carbon Utilization and Storage Atlas -- ATLAS IV (Nov. 2012)

- Comparison of publically available methodologies for regional and site specific assessments

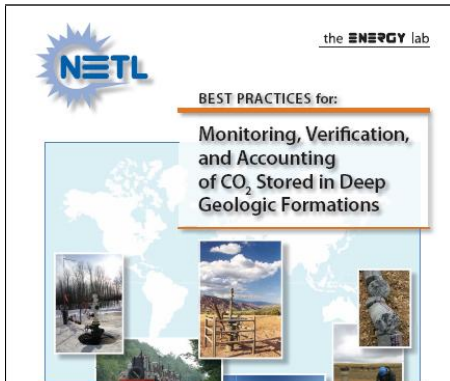
ATLAS V (Nov. 2014)

- Revised / Improved methodology for oil and gas formations and unconventional reservoirs (shale, unmineable coal, basalts)



CCS Best Practices Manuals

Critical Requirement For Significant Wide Scale Deployment - Capturing Lessons Learned



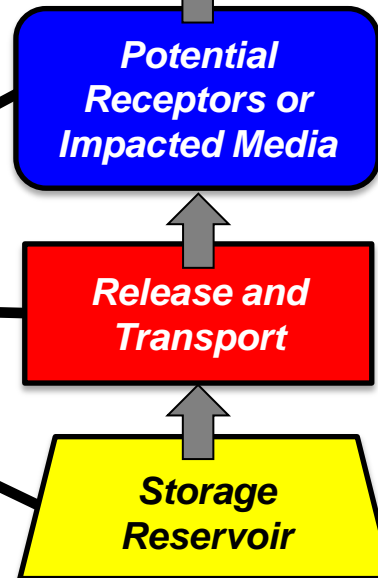
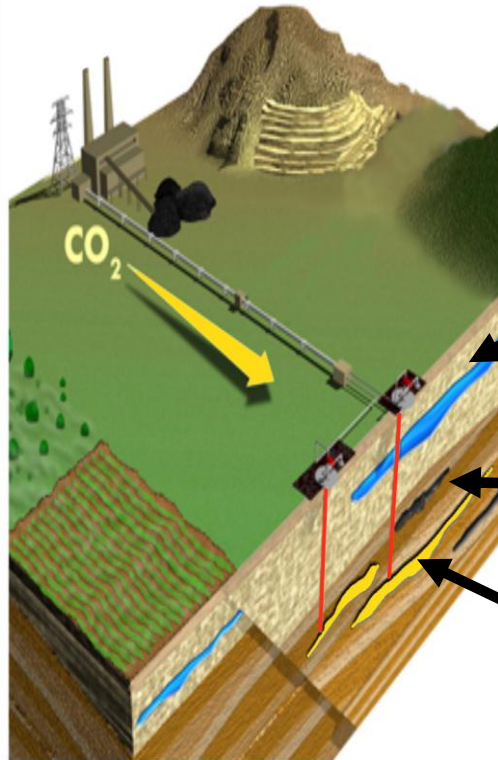
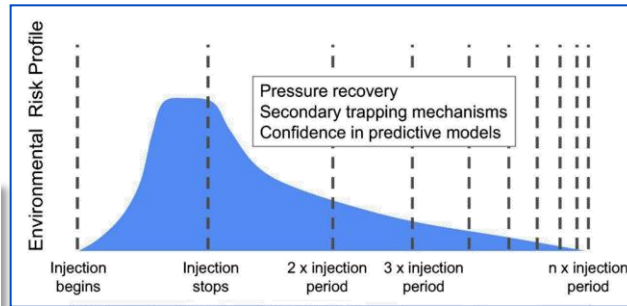
Best Practices Manual	Version 1 (Phase II)	Version 2 (Phase III)	Final Guidelines (Post Injection)
Monitoring, Verification and Accounting	2009/ 2012	2016	2020
Public Outreach and Education	2009	2016	2020
Site Characterization	2010	2016	2020
Geologic Storage Formation Classification	2010	2016	2020
**Simulation and Risk Assessment	2010	2016	2020
**Carbon Storage Systems and Well Management Activities	2011	2016	2020
Terrestrial	2010	2016 – Post MVA Phase III	

***Regulatory Issues will be addressed within various Manuals*

National Risk Assessment Partnership (NRAP)

Science-Based Quantification of Risk Profiles for CO₂ Storage

NRAP Technical Working Groups



Groundwater Protection

Wellbore Integrity

Natural Seal Integrity

Reservoir Performance

System-Level Risk Modeling

Strategic Risk-Based Monitoring

EDX

Energy Data exchange

- **R&D coordination & collaboration tool**
- **Share information across networks**
 - **Rapid access through one site**
 - **Online access for historical data**
 - **Venue for newly released datasets**
- **Security, database design, and structure leverage DHS system**
- **Built to accommodate both open access and restricted access data**
- **Role-based security allows for groups or “communities” within the system**
- **Future FY13 roll outs will incorporate spatial/mapping tools, displays and other opportunities**

More information on EDX:

<http://www.netl.doe.gov/publications/factsheets/rd/R%26D184%20.pdf>

Data Exchange for Energy Solutions

The screenshot shows the EDX website interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with links for Home, About, Search, Contribute, My EDX, Contact, and FAQ. A search bar is located on the right side. The main content area features a large image of a field with an oil rig in the background. Below the image, there is a 'Latest News Items' section with a news item titled 'Shell recruits train for Arctic oil spill'. A sidebar on the right contains a 'Welcome to EDX' message and a 'Search EDX Now for:' section with links for Data, News, People, Organizations, Images, and Video. At the bottom, there is a footer with various government and organizational logos and links.

Designed for:

- **Fossil & renewable energy researchers**
- **Policy makers**
- **General public**

NATIONAL ENERGY TECHNOLOGY LABORATORY

Now available at: <https://edx1.netl.doe.gov>

Questions

U.S. DOE Carbon Storage Program

Contact Information:

John T. Litynski, P.E.

U.S DOE Office of Fossil Energy

National Energy Technology Laboratory

Carbon Storage Technology Manager

Phone: 412-386-4922

Cell: 412-216-2489

Email: John.Litynski@netl.doe.gov

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Site Map GO

Home > Technologies > Carbon Storage > Program Overview

Carbon Storage Program Overview

The Carbon Storage Program involves three key elements for technology development: Core Research and Development (Core R&D), Infrastructure, and Global Collaborations. The image below displays the relationship among the three elements and provides a means for navigation throughout NETL's Storage Program Website.

[Click on Image to Navigate Storage Website](#)

Carbon Storage Program

Core R & D	Infrastructure	Global Collaborations
Monitoring, Verification, and Accounting	Regional Carbon Sequestration Partnerships	International Demonstration Projects
Geologic Storage	Geologic Characterization	Carbon Sequestration Leadership Forum
Simulation and Risk Assessment	Small-scale Field Tests	Worldwide CCS Projects Database
CO ₂ Utilization	Large-scale Field Tests	North American Carbon Atlas Partnership
	Knowledge Sharing	U.S.-China Clean Energy Research Center

Demonstration and Commercialization of Carbon Capture and Storage

NETL's Carbon Storage Program Structure

CORE R&D

Core R&D is driven by industry's technology needs and segregates those needs into focus areas to more efficiently obtain solutions that can then be tested and deployed in the field. The Core R&D Element contains four focus areas for applied research and carbon storage technology development: (1) [Geologic Storage](#), (2) [Monitoring, Verification, and Accounting \(MVA\)](#), (3) [Simulation and Risk Assessment](#), and (4) [CO₂ Utilization](#).

INFRASTRUCTURE

The Infrastructure Element of DOE's Carbon Storage Program is focused on research and development (R&D) initiatives to advance geologic CO₂ storage toward commercialization. The Infrastructure Element includes crosscutting projects from the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA) that provided funding for projects that complement the existing Carbon Storage Program's efforts to develop CCS infrastructure in the United States. The following provides a summary of all of the Infrastructure Elements:

http://www.netl.doe.gov/technologies/carbon_seq/index.html